

Lump Sum Cash Accumulation Scheme

On behalf of the Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund, set out below is a report on the performance and activities of your Scheme for the year ended 31 March 2025. Further information on the National Provident Fund's activities, and commentary on investment markets, is set out in the Chair's letter.

Your Scheme

CROWN GUARANTEE

The Lump Sum Cash Accumulation Scheme is a cash accumulation scheme. The benefits payable by your Scheme are guaranteed by the Crown.

INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE

The asset class returns (after investment manager fees, but before tax and other expenses) and the comparative performance of the benchmark indices are shown in the table below.

Asset Class	Return	Index
Fixed interest (global)	3.83%	4.08%
New Zealand equities	1.95%	1.96%
Overseas equities	9.68%	10.93%

The investment return (after tax and expenses) earned by the Scheme, for the year ended 31 March 2025, was 4.78% (2024: 13.44%). In dollar terms, this represents an investment gain of \$15.360 million (2024 investment gain: \$38.877 million).

Annual Report for the year ended 31 March 2025

SUMMARY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The summary financial statements included in this Annual Report have been extracted from the full financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025.

The summary financial statements cannot be expected to provide as complete an understanding as the full financial statements.

Members are welcome to view the full financial statements on our website – www.npf.co.nz/members/schemes – or contact the Scheme administrator, Datacom (see details on back page), for a free copy of the Scheme's full financial statements.



INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE CONTINUED

Investment returns were buoyed by continued strong returns from global equities, although returns tapered off somewhat in the March quarter as greater geo-political uncertainty made its mark on markets. Market performance was dominated by the very strong returns of a small number of very large technology related companies. The New Zealand equity market struggled somewhat in comparison, while global Interest rates were relatively unchanged over the year.

See the comparison over the page for the key statistics of your Scheme over the last 10 years. For an overview of the financial performance of the Scheme, refer to the tables on the following pages.

EARNINGS RATE

The earnings rate declared by the Board for the Scheme for the year ended 31 March 2025 was 4% (2024: 4%). The Board continues to apply it's crediting and reserving policy. At 31 March 2025, the reserves were 7.9% of contributors' total credits (2024: 7.0%).

WHO INVESTS YOUR MONEY

Fixed Interest Managers (global)

Brandywine Global Investment Management, LLC
Pacific Investment Management Company LLC
PGIM, Inc

New Zealand Equity Managers

Devon Funds Management Limited Harbour Asset Management Limited

Overseas Equity Managers

Arrowstreet Capital, Limited Partnership

Lazard Asset Management, LLC (terminated 10 September 2024)

Robeco Hong Kong Limited (appointed 26 September 2024)

Russell Investment Management Limited (appointed as transition manager 9 September 2024)

T. Rowe Price Australia Limited

Foreign Exchange Currency Hedging Manager

Bank of New Zealand Limited

HOW YOUR MONEY IS INVESTED

The Scheme's strategic asset allocation is set by the Board and reviewed regularly. During the year the strategic asset allocation was changed as shown below, effective from August 2024. The pie charts show the Scheme's asset allocation strategy as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2025.

Asset Allocation Strategy as at 31 March 2024

Asset Allocation Strategy as at 31 March 2025



The Board's Statement of Investment Policies, Standards and Procedures (SIPSP) is reviewed regularly by the Board. During the year the SIPSP was updated and there were no significant changes to the SIPSP relating to the Scheme, other than the asset allocation strategy detailed above. See our website, www.npf.co.nz, for more information about your Scheme, including the Board's SIPSP and the Scheme Trust Deed.

SUMMARY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

This is a summary of the		2025 (\$000)	2024 (\$000)
Scheme's income and expenses, and membership	Investment income	15,360	38,877
contributions and payments.	Less operating expenses	(837)	(739)
communications and payments.	Net income before tax and membership activities	14,523	38,138
	Income tax credit	195	188
	Net income after tax and before membership activities	14,718	38,326
	Contributions	1,813	2,940
	Transfers received	48,546	26,309
	Less benefit, transfer and withdrawal payments	(65,150)	(45,819)
	Net membership activities	(14,791)	(16,570)
	(Decrease)/Increase in liability for accrued benefits	(73)	21,756

SUMMARY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AS AT 31 MARCH 2025

This is a summary of the		2025 (\$000)	2024 (\$000)
Scheme's assets and liabilities, as at 31 March 2025.	Investment assets		
	Fixed Interest Unit Fund	202,367	148,123
Assets include the Scheme's investments in fixed interest	New Zealand Equity Unit Fund	24,974	29,631
(global), New Zealand shares	Overseas Equity Unit Fund	85,422	133,550
and overseas shares plus what the Scheme had in the bank	Total investment assets	312,763	311,304
and was owed by others.	Other assets	2,455	3,909
	Total assets	315,218	315,213
Liabilities are what the	Less liabilities	(142)	(64)
Scheme owed to others.	Net assets available to pay benefits	315,076	315,149
Net assets is the money available to pay future entitlements.	Represented by: Liability for accrued benefits		
	Allocated to contributors' total credits	292,048	294,500
	Interest fluctuation reserve	23,028	20,649
		315,076	315,149

SUMMARY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

This is a summary of the cash		2025 (\$000)	2024 (\$000)
flows through the Scheme during the year.	Opening cash brought forward	3,505	1,488
Cash was received from:	Net cash flows from operating activities	(15,460)	(17,330)
	Net cash flows from investing activities	13,759	19,347
 operating activities (being contributions less benefit 	Net (decrease)/increase in cash held	(1,701)	2,017
and transfer payments and operating expenses); and	Closing cash carried forward	1,804	3,505
 investing activities. 			
The difference between the two cash flows is recorded as an increase or decrease in cash held.			

NOTES TO THE SUMMARY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The summary financial statements:

- · have been extracted from the full financial statements which were
 - prepared in accordance with, and comply with, the New Zealand Equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards;
 - authorised for issue by the Board on 26 June 2025; and
 - audited and received an unmodified opinion;
- cannot be expected to provide as complete an understanding as provided by the full financial statements;
- are reported in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest thousand;
- are for a profit oriented entity; and
- comply with Financial Reporting Standard 43: Summary Financial Statements.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There were no material events subsequent to balance date requiring amendments to these financial statements.

TRUSTEE'S REPORT

For the year ended 31 March 2025

The Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund, as trustee of the Scheme, provides members with the following information in respect of the Scheme

Changes in the Scheme membership numbers during the year were as follows:

	Contributors
Opening membership as at 1 April 2024	1,163
Retirements	(134)
Withdrawals	(20)
Transfers	-
Deaths and disablements	(46)
Joins/rejoins	97
Extinguished liabilities*	-
Closing membership as at 31 March 2025	1,060

* Following a Trust Deed amendment on 5 April 2001, once reasonable efforts have been made to locate a member who has been missing for at least five years, the Board may extinguish the liabilities to that member. Where a person re-establishes contact with the Board within 15 years of the liabilities to that person being extinguished, the person is reinstated as a member of the Scheme.

The terms of the Scheme Trust Deed do not specify contribution levels.

The Board certifies that, to the best of its knowledge, all benefits required to be paid from the Scheme were paid in accordance with the terms of the Scheme Trust Deed.

The Board, based on the advice of the Actuary, certifies that as at 31 March 2025, the market value of the net assets of the Scheme exceeded the total value of vested benefits. The amounts are shown in the Notes to the financial statements.

FEES

Scheme administration fees are apportioned on fee per member and fee per transaction bases and are charged to the Scheme as a whole. As at 1 April 2024 and 2025 the scheme administration fees were increased for inflation.

The Board certifies it is satisfied the increase in the administration fees for the Scheme is not unreasonable. The Board is satisfied the total management fees charged to the Scheme are not unreasonable.

TRUST DEED AMENDMENT

The Scheme Trust Deed has not been amended since 25 June 2024, being the date of the Scheme's last annual report. A copy of the Trust Deed is available on request.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the readers of Lump Sum Cash Accumulation Scheme's summary financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025.

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Lump Sum Cash Accumulation Scheme (the Scheme). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Pam Thompson, using the staff and resources of Deloitte Limited, to carry out the audit of the summary financial statements of the Scheme on his behalf.

OPINION

The summary financial statements of the Scheme that comprise the summary statement of net assets as at 31 March 2025, the summary statement of changes in net assets, and the summary statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, and related notes, are derived from the full financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 that we have audited.

In our opinion, the summary financial statements are consistent, in all material respects, with the full financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025, in accordance with FRS- 43: Summary Financial Statements issued by the New Zealand Accounting Standards Board.

SUMMARY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The summary financial statements do not contain all the disclosures required by generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand. Reading the summary financial statements and the auditor's report thereon, therefore, is not a substitute for reading the full financial statements and the auditor's report thereon.

The summary financial statements do not reflect the effects of events that occurred subsequent to the date of our auditor's report on the full financial statements.

THE FULL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND OUR AUDIT REPORT THEREON

We expressed an unmodified audit opinion on the full financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 in our auditor's report dated 26 June 2025.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE SUMMARY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board of Trustees is responsible on behalf of the Scheme for the preparation of the summary financial statements in accordance with FRS-43: Summary Financial Statements.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on whether the summary financial statements are consistent, in all material respects, with the full audited financial statements of the Scheme, based on our procedures, which were carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the summary financial statements.

Other than the audit and an assurance engagement for the register of members, we have no relationship with, or interests in, the Scheme.

Pan Thompson

Pam Thompson for Deloitte Limited On behalf of the Auditor-General Wellington, New Zealand

9 July 2025

10 YEAR COMPARISON



Lump Sum Cash Accumulation Scheme (the Scheme) Statement of Changes in Net Assets for the year ended 31 March 2025

	Note	2025 (\$000)	2024 (\$000)
Investment income Income from unit funds Interest received	4	15,218 142	38,809 68
Total investment income	_	15,360	38,877
Operating expenses Actuarial fees		13	9
Audit fees	6	23	23
Bank fees	Ū	2	1
Board member expenses	5	40	38
Management expenses Overdraft charges	5	759 -	661 7
Total operating expenses		837	739
Net income before tax and membership activities		14,523	38,138
Income tax credit	7	195	188
Net income after tax and before membership activities	_	14,718	38,326
Scheme receipts	1		
Contributor contributions		1,813	2,940
Transfers in	_	48,546	26,309
Total scheme receipts Scheme payments		50,359	29,249
Benefits paid		62,159	45,216
Transfers to National Provident Pension Scheme		214	282
Transfers paid to other schemes			117
Withdrawals	_	2,777	204
Total scheme payments		65,150	45,819
Net membership activities	<u> </u>	(14,791)	(16,570)
(Decrease)/increase in liability for accrued benefits	10	(73)	21,756

Lump Sum Cash Accumulation Scheme (the Scheme) Statement of Net Assets as at 31 March 2025

	Note	2025 (\$000)	2024 (\$000)
Investment assets at fair value through profit or loss	3		
Units held in: Fixed Interest unit fund New Zealand Equity unit fund Overseas Equity unit fund	-	202,367 24,974 85,422 312,763	148,123 29,631 133,550 311,304
Financial assets at amortised cost			
Cash	0	1,804	3,505
Other receivables Receivable from the Global Asset Trust	9 8	163 488	60 51
Receivable from the Global Abset Trast	_	2,455	3,616
Other assets			
Deferred Tax Asset	7	-	293
		-	293
Total assets	-	315,218	315,213
Current liabilities at amortised cost			
Account payable	-	142	64
Total liabilities		142	64
Net assets available to pay benefits	-	315,076	315,149
Represented by: Liability for accrued benefits			
Allocated to contributors' total credits		292,048	294,500
Interest fluctuation reserve	12	23,028	20,649
		315,076	315,149

Authorised for issue on 26 June 2025

On behalf of the Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund.

Louise Edwards Board Chair

Michelle Tsui Chair

Audit and Risk Review Committee

Lump Sum Cash Accumulation Scheme (the Scheme) Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2025

	Note	2025 (\$000)	2024 (\$000)
Cash flows from operating activities ¹			
Cash was provided from:			
Interest received		142	68
Scheme receipts	_	50,228	29,262
		50,370	29,330
Cash was applied to:			
Benefits paid		62,049	45,263
Operating expenses		790	794
Transfers paid to other schemes		-	117
Transfers to National Provident Pension Scheme		214	282
Withdrawals		2,777	204
		65,830	46,660
Net cash flows used in operating activities	10	(15,460)	(17,330)
Cash flows from investing activities ² Cash was provided from sale of units in:			
Fixed Interest unit fund		395	1,319
New Zealand Equity unit fund		10,596	27
Overseas Equity unit fund		57,670	18,275
	_	68,661	19,621
Cash was applied to purchase units in:			
Fixed Interest unit fund		49,738	220
New Zealand Equity unit fund		5,144	54
Overseas Equity unit fund		20	J+ -
Overseus Equity unit rand	_	54,902	274
Net cash flows from investing activities	_	13,759	19,347
	_		
Net (decrease)/increase in cash held		(1,701)	2,017
Add opening cash brought forward	_	3,505	1,488
Closing cash carried forward ³	_	1,804	3,505

Operating Activities: Includes any activities that are the result of normal business activities not classified as investing activities.

² Investing Activities: Comprises acquisition and disposal of units in the GAT.

³ Cash: Comprises cash balances held with banks in New Zealand.

1 DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHEME AND FUNDING ARRANGEMENTS

The Scheme is a personal contribution scheme, governed by a Trust Deed. The Scheme is deemed to be registered on the register of managed investment schemes under the Financial Markets Conduct Act (FMCA).

Under the terms of the Scheme Trust Deed, contributors make contributions to the Scheme at any rate and at any time, as determined by the contributors, up to attaining age 65, with no minimum amount required in respect of any contribution.

Each year contributors are credited with an earnings rate, which is not less than 4%.

2 RELATED PARTIES

Under the terms of the National Provident Fund Restructuring Act 1990 (the Act), the Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund (the Board) is Trustee of the Scheme. Members of the Board are appointed by the Minister of Finance.

The Board and the Government Superannuation Fund Authority (the Authority) have formed a joint venture company, Annuitas Management Limited (Annuitas). Each organisation has entered into a management services agreement with Annuitas. The costs of running Annuitas are shared between the Board and the Authority on an equitable basis, as agreed between the organisations.

Louise Edwards and Sarah Park are the two Board appointed directors of Annuitas.

The Board is also the Trustee of the Global Asset Trust (the GAT), which holds the assets of all the National Provident Fund Schemes. The GAT is divided into separate unit funds, representing various asset classes, which have issued units to the Board, as Trustee of the Scheme, according to the Strategic Asset Allocation (refer note 3).

There were no transactions between the members of the Board, as individuals, and the Scheme.

If a contributor elects to receive a pension, his or her membership, the liability to pay the pension (including any pension or other benefit contingently payable and any minimum payment) and assets to meet that liability are transferred to the National Provident Pension Scheme.

3 STRATEGIC ASSET ALLOCATION (SAA) - INVESTMENT

The Scheme is authorised to invest in the GAT or in bank deposits. The GAT is divided into separate unit funds representing various asset classes.

Investment assets have been designated at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition. These are managed, and their performance evaluated, on a fair value basis. This is consistent with the Scheme's documented investment strategy. The assets are investments in units in the GAT which, in turn, invest in equities, fixed interest and debt instruments.

3 STRATEGIC ASSET ALLOCATION (SAA) – INVESTMENT (CONTINUED)

The fair value of the units held by the Scheme in the GAT is based on the valuation of the financial instruments held by the GAT. The fair value of these financial instruments is based on exit prices at balance date without any deduction for future selling costs. If the exit price for an instrument is not available on a recognised exchange the fair value is estimated taking into account comparable markets and specialist advice.

The benchmark asset allocations as at 31 March 2025 and at 31 March 2024 are shown below.

	2025 (%)	2024 (%)
Fixed Interest unit fund	60.0	50.0
New Zealand Equity unit fund	8.0	10.0
Overseas Equity unit fund	32.0	40.0

4 INCOME FROM UNIT FUNDS

Income from unit funds is derived from the changes in fair value of units held by the GAT and reflects both realised and unrealised gains and losses. The income stated is net of expenses (including investment management and custodian fees) directly related to investment activities. The income per unit fund is as follows:

	2025	2024
	(\$000)	(\$000)
Fixed Interest unit fund	4,900	4,915
New Zealand Equity unit fund	796	996
Overseas Equity unit fund	9,522	32,898
Income from unit funds	15,218	38,809

5 MANAGEMENT AND BOARD MEMBER EXPENSES

Management expenses comprise administration fees charged by Datacom Connect Limited, and a share of the expenses of the Board. The Board member expenses are split evenly between the schemes.

6 FEES PAID TO AUDITOR

	2025 (\$000)	2024 (\$000)
Audit of financial statements Other assurance engagement – members register	21 2	21 2
	23	23

7 INCOME TAX

Income specific to the Scheme is subject to tax at 28%, after allowing for deductible expenses. The income tax reconciliation is as follows:

	2025 (\$000)	2024 (\$000)
Scheme specific income Deductible expenses Expense election to the GAT under section DV2 Taxable income	142 (837) 695	68 (739) (671)
Net income before tax and membership activities Tax at 28% Adjusted for tax effect of: (Non-assessable income) Income tax credit	14,523 4,066 (4,261) (195)	38,138 10,679 (10,867) (188)
Represented by: Income tax credit on current year (loss) Income tax credit	(195) (195)	(188)
Movements in deferred taxation Opening balance Prior period adjustment Current year movement Transfer of deductible expenses Deferred tax asset	293 - 195 <u>(488)</u>	156 (51) 188 293

The prior year deferred tax asset was a result of tax losses available to carry forward. The tax losses consisted of surplus deductible expenses which the Scheme has transferred to the GAT under section DV 2 of the Income Tax Act 2007 in the 2025 income year. The GAT is subject to tax at the rate of 28%.

8 RECEIVABLE FROM THE GAT

The 2025 receivable represents the outstanding tax credits, (refer note 7), utilised by the GAT, resulting from the transfer of the Scheme's surplus deductible expenses to the GAT under the Tax Act. The Scheme will realise the receivable by investing in unit funds of the GAT or by settling the units in cash.

9 OTHER RECEIVABLES

Other receivables consist of:

Certain receivables combise on		
	2025	2024
	(\$000)	(\$000)
Amount due from contributors	118	-
Management fee refund	45	60
Total other receivables	163	60

10 RECONCILIATION OF (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN LIABILITY FOR ACCRUED BENEFITS TO NET CASH FLOWS USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2025 (\$000)	2024 (\$000)
(Decrease)/increase in net liability for accrued benefits	(73)	21,756
Movement in working capital		
Change in accounts payable	78	(44)
Change in other receivables	(103)	(45)
	(25)	(89)
Movements in non-cash items		
Change in receivable from the GAT	(437)	(51)
Change in deferred tax	293	(137)
	(144)	(188)
Items classified as investing activities		
(Income) from unit funds	(15,218)	(38,809)
	(15,218)	(38,809)
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(15,460)	(17,330)

11 GUARANTEED BENEFITS

Under section 60 of the Act, the benefits payable by the Scheme are guaranteed by the Crown. The earnings rate each year is determined with reference to the investment return but is not less than 4.0% per annum as per the Scheme Trust Deed.

12 Interest Fluctuation Reserve

The interest fluctuation reserve is derived from investment earnings of the Scheme and balances of any total credits not disbursed in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme Trust Deed, less earnings credited to contributors.

12 Interest Fluctuation Reserve (Continued)

Movements in the interest fluctuation reserve during the year were as follows:

	2025 (\$000)	2024 (\$000)
Reserves at beginning of year	20,649	(5,809)
Applied to transfers	(443)	(23)
Extinguished liabilities	(242)	14
Applied to exits	(68)	(54)
Net income before membership activities	14,718	38,326
Applied to contributors' total credits	(11,586)	(11,805)
Reserves at end of year	23,028	20,649

The Board may use the balance in the interest fluctuation reserve to increase contributors' total credits on an equitable basis or pay the expenses of the Scheme.

13 VESTED BENEFITS

The value of vested benefits is the value of the benefits contributors would have been entitled to if they left the Scheme.

As at 31 March 2025, the market value of the net assets of the Scheme was greater than the amount that would have been payable if all members transferred out of the Scheme on that date and was greater than the amount that would have been payable if all contributors left on that date.

	2025	2024
	(\$000)	(\$000)
Value of vested benefits	309,571	305,396
Value of net assets	315,076	315,149

This table should be read in conjunction with note 11.

14 ACTUARIAL VALUATION - 31 MARCH 2024

The Scheme is a defined contribution scheme. As the Scheme has no pensioners, an actuarial valuation is not required under the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013.

The National Provident Fund Restructuring Act 1990 Act does however require an actuarial examination to be undertaken every three years. The last examination was undertaken as at 31 March 2024 and covered the three years 31 March 2021 to 31 March 2024. The results of the statutory actuarial examination of the Scheme at 31 March 2027 will be incorporated in the notes to the Annual Audited Financial Statements for the year ending 31 March 2028.

The report of the examination showed the value of the funding level of the Scheme increased from 105.9% to 107.0% over the three years to 31 March 2024. The valuation results were:

Valuation date	2024	2021
	(\$000)	(\$000)
Present value of -		
Total credits	294,500	286,075
Reserves	20,649	16,920
Net assets	315,149	302,995
Funding level	107.0%	105.9%

15 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Scheme invests in units of the GAT based on the SAA determined for the Scheme (see note 3). The unit fund holds quoted equity, fixed interest and debt instruments. These instruments are all measured at fair value.

Under NZ IFRS 13: Fair Value Measurement, (NZ IFRS 13) disclosures for fair value instruments are required using a three-level fair value hierarchy. These tiers reflect the availability of observable market inputs. The Scheme's investment in units of the GAT is classified as a level 2 investment as the unit prices are based on a net asset valuation derived from either quoted prices for similar assets or unquoted but observable inputs.

The Scheme's major risk in its investment in the GAT is the price risk that the value of its units may fluctuate. Other risks, such as market risk (currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk, are managed in the GAT.

More information on the disclosures under NZ IFRS 13 and the risks mentioned is provided in the financial statements of the GAT. A copy of the financial statements of the GAT can be viewed on the National Provident Fund's website (www.npf.co.nz).

The Board manages the other risks by determining a diversified SAA appropriate for the Scheme's liabilities. In addition, the Board selects the investment managers, sets their mandates and monitors performance against those mandates.

The long run investment return for the Scheme after fees and tax is estimated to be 3.6% per annum. The volatility is expected to be 5.1%. This is based on the Scheme's SAA and the long-term rate of return for each asset class (after investment management, custody fees and tax), and after deducting a provision for the Scheme's operating expenses (after tax).

The earnings rate each year is determined with reference to the investment return but is not less than 4% per annum as per the Scheme Trust Deed.

16 Subsequent Events

There were no material events subsequent to balance date requiring amendments to these financial statements.

17 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

17.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements have been prepared under the requirements of clause 33 of the Scheme Trust Deed and in accordance with the FMCA. For a description of the Scheme and its funding arrangements see note 1.

17.2 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements comply with the New Zealand Equivalents to IFRS (International Financial Reporting Standards) Accounting Standards (NZ IFRS) and IFRS Accounting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, and other applicable financial reporting standards as appropriate for profit-oriented entities.

17 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

17.3 MEASUREMENT BASE

The measurement base adopted is that of historical cost, except for investment assets which are stated at their fair value set out below.

17.4 Presentation And Functional Currency

The financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, the Scheme's functional currency, rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$000).

17.5 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

In compliance with NZ IFRS, preparation of the financial statements requires judgements, estimates and assumptions to be made that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

Judgement has been applied in the classification and measurement of financial assets. This policy has a material impact on the amounts disclosed in the financial statements.

There are no material assumptions or major sources of estimation uncertainty that have a material risk of causing material adjustments to the carrying amounts of scheme assets at year end. Investment asset values are subject to variation due to market fluctuations. Receivables have been valued in accordance with NZ IFRS 9. Under this standard the scheme has adopted the simplified expected credit loss model.

The estimates and associated assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period; or in the period of the revision and future periods, if the revision affects both current and future periods.

17.6 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments include both financial assets and financial liabilities.

Financial assets include balances due from contributors and receivables from related parties (if applicable). Financial liabilities, measured at amortised cost, include accounts payable and bank overdrafts (if applicable).

17.7 RECOGNITION

The Scheme recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date the Scheme becomes a contractual party to the financial instruments.

17.8 MEASUREMENT

Financial assets that are classified at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value where all resulting gains or losses are recorded in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recorded at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment losses. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash flows through the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or liability.

17 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

17.9 DERECOGNITION

The Scheme derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or the Scheme transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition. A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

17.10 CONTRIBUTIONS

Contributions are recognised in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets when they become receivable.

17.11 BENEFITS

Benefits are recognised in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets when a request for payment is made and all relevant criteria for payment has been met.

17.12 INVESTMENT INCOME RECOGNITION

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest rate of the instrument. Changes in the fair value on GAT unit funds are recognised in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets. Interest income on financial assets classified at fair value though profit or loss, is accrued at balance date. Dividend income is recognised in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets on the ex-dividend date.

17.13 TAXATION

Any income or loss arising from the movement in the fair value of the unit funds of the GAT is received by the Scheme tax paid. The Scheme's deductible operating expenses are offset against the Scheme's interest received to result in nil assessable income. Any surplus deductible operating expenses are transferred to the GAT under the Tax Act (refer notes 7 and 8).

The Scheme takes a responsible and transparent approach to tax which follows the spirit of the law in addition to the pure interpretation of the law.

17.14 ACCRUED BENEFITS (LIABILITIES)

The liability for accrued benefits is the Scheme's present obligation to pay benefits to contributors and beneficiaries and has been calculated as the difference between the carrying amounts of the assets and the carrying amounts of the Scheme's liabilities as at balance date.

17.15 STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT EFFECTIVE

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been issued that are not mandatory for 31 March 2025 reporting periods and have not been adopted early by the Board. None of these standards are likely to have a material impact on the Scheme when they are adopted.

18 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

There have been no changes in accounting policies or disclosures. New standards and interpretations that are mandatory for 31 March 2025 reporting periods have been adopted with no material impact on the financial statements.

Lump Sum Cash Accumulation Scheme (the Scheme) Trustee's Report for the year ended 31 March 2025

19 OTHER INFORMATION

The Board, as Trustee of the Scheme, provides members with the following information:

19.1 SCHEME MEMBERSHIP

Changes in the Scheme membership numbers during the year were as follows:

	Contributors
Opening membership as at 1 April 2024	1,163
Retirements	(134)
Withdrawals	(20)
Transfers	-
Deaths and disablements	(46)
Joins/re-joins	97
Extinguished liabilities*	-
Closing membership as at 31 March 2025	1,060

^{*}Following a Trust Deed amendment on 5 April 2001, once reasonable efforts have been made to locate a member, who has been missing for at least five years, the Board may extinguish the liabilities to that member.

Where a person re-establishes contact with the Board within 15 years of the liabilities to that person being extinguished, the person is reinstated as a member of the Scheme.

19.2 CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVED AND BENEFITS PAID

The terms of the Scheme Trust Deed do not specify required contribution levels.

The Board certifies that, to the best of its knowledge, all benefits required to be paid from the Scheme were paid in accordance with the terms of the Scheme Trust Deed.

19.3 VESTED BENEFITS

As at 31 March 2025, the market value of the net assets of the Scheme exceeded the total value of vested benefits. The amounts are shown in Note 13 to the financial statements.

19.4 EARNINGS RATE

The Scheme's earnings rate declared by the Board for the year ended 31 March 2025 was 4%.

19.5 TRUST DEED

The Scheme Trust Deed has not been amended since 25 June 2024, being the date of the Scheme's last annual report.

Lump Sum Cash Accumulation Scheme (the Scheme) Trustee's Report for the year ended 31 March 2025

19 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

19.6 DIRECTORY

Trustee Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund

Members of the Board are: Louise Edwards (Board Chair)

Graham Ansell Tracey Berry Lloyd Kavanagh Michelle Tsui

Sarah Park (Deputy Chair)

Administration manager Datacom Connect Limited

Investment managers Fixed Interest Managers

Brandywine Global Investment Management, LLC Pacific Investment Management Company, LLC

PGIM, Inc.

New Zealand Equity Managers Devon Funds Management Limited

Harbour Asset Management Limited

Overseas Equity Managers

Arrowstreet Capital, Limited Partnership

Lazard Asset Management, LLC (terminated 10 September 2024)
Robeco Hong Kong Limited (appointed 26 September 2024)
Russell Investment Management Limited (appointed as transition

manager 9 September 2024)
T. Rowe Price Australia Limited

Foreign Exchange Hedging Manager

Bank of New Zealand Limited

Actuary Christine Ormrod, PricewaterhouseCoopers Consulting (New Zealand) LP

Auditor Pam Thompson, Deloitte Limited (on behalf of the Auditor-General)

Solicitor DLA Piper New Zealand

Bank of New Zealand

Custodian JP Morgan Chase Bank

Lump Sum Cash Accumulation Scheme (the Scheme) Trustee's Report for the year ended 31 March 2025

19 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

19.7 CORRESPONDENCE

All correspondence relating to the Scheme should be addressed to:

The Manager National Provident Fund Administration Datacom Connect Limited PO Box 1036 WELLINGTON 6140

OR

The Chief Executive
Annuitas Management Limited
On behalf of the Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund
PO Box 3390
WELLINGTON 6140

For and on behalf of the Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund.

Louise Edwards Board Chair

26 June 2025



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF LUMP SUM CASH ACCUMULATION SCHEME'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Lump Sum Cash Accumulation Scheme (the Scheme). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Pam Thompson, using the staff and resources of Deloitte Limited, to carry out the audit of the financial statements of the Scheme, on his behalf.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Scheme on pages 1 to 11, that comprise the Statement of Net Assets as at 31 March 2025, the Statement of Changes in Net Assets and Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date and the notes to the financial statements that include material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the financial statements of the Scheme:

- present fairly, in all material respects:
 - o its net assets as at 31 March 2025; and
 - o its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with New Zealand Equivalents to IFRS Accounting Standards ('NZ IFRS') and IFRS Accounting Standards ('IFRS').

Our audit was completed on 26 June 2025. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Trustees and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

Basis for our opinion

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Responsibilities of the Board of Trustees for the financial statements

The Board of Trustees is responsible on behalf of the Scheme for preparing financial statements that are fairly presented and that comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand.

The Board of Trustees are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, the Trustees are responsible on behalf of the Scheme for assessing the Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern. The Trustees are also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless the Trustees intend to wind-up the Scheme or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Trustees' responsibilities arise from the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 and clause 33 of the Scheme's Trust Deed.

Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of readers taken on the basis of these financial statements.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
 obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The
 risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one
 resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
 misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Scheme's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Trustees.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Trustees and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Scheme to cease to continue as a going concern.
- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of Trustees regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



Our responsibilities arise from the Public Audit Act 2001.

Other information

The Board of Trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of our report is included on page 12 to 14, but does not include the financial statements, and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independence

We are independent of the Scheme in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1: International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners (including International Independence Standards) (New Zealand) (PES 1) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Other than the audit and an assurance engagement for the register of members, we have no relationship with, or interests in, the Scheme.

Par Thompson

Pam Thompson, Partner for Deloitte Limited On behalf of the Auditor-General Wellington, New Zealand

Directory as at 9 July 2025

TRUSTEE

Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund

BOARD MEMBERS

Louise Edwards – Chair – appointed 1 July 2019 and Chair from 1 July 2024

Sarah Park – Deputy Chair – appointed 1 February 2020 and Deputy Chair from 1 July 2022

Graham Ansell - appointed 12 July 2021

Tracey Berry – appointed 1 July 2022

Lloyd Kavanagh - appointed 1 July 2022

Michelle Tsui - appointed 1 July 2024

Further information on the Board members is provided on our website – www.npf.co.nz.

MANAGEMENT

Tim Mitchell

Chief Executive and Acting Chief Investment Officer

Fiona Morgan

Chief Financial Officer

Hadyn Hunt

Chief Risk Officer

Ireen Muir

General Manager – Schemes



ADMINISTRATION

Datacom Connect Limited is the administrator of the NPF Schemes.

CONTACT DETAILS

You are welcome to contact Datacom if you have any specific questions about the information in this report or to enquire about your Scheme membership in general. If you would like to receive a free printed copy of this report or the full financial statements in the mail please contact Datacom.

The Trust Deed and actuarial valuation is available on NPF's website (www.npf.co.nz/members/schemes/). You can also purchase a printed copy of the Trust Deed (\$10) or actuarial valuation (\$10) by contacting Datacom.

Please quote your identity number when contacting Datacom.

Free phone: 0800 628 776 between 8.30 am and 5.00 pm,

Monday to Friday.

Phone: (04) 381 0600

Post to:

The Manager

National Provident Fund Administration

Datacom Connect Limited

P O Box 1036

WELLINGTON 6140

Email: npf@fundadmin.nz

If you would like to know more about NPF in general, or if you would like to view or download a copy of the Scheme's full financial statements rather than receive a copy in the mail, please visit our website – www.npf.co.nz.

You may contact the Board by writing to:

The Secretary

Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund

PO Box 3390, Wellington 6140, or

Level 12, The Todd Building

95 Customhouse Quay

WELLINGTON 6011

Auditor: Pam Thompson, Deloitte Limited,

on behalf of the Auditor-General

Actuary: Christine D Ormrod,

PricewaterhouseCoopers Consulting

(New Zealand) LP

Bank: Bank of New Zealand Limited

Custodian: JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.

Solicitor: DLA Piper New Zealand

There were no changes to the Actuary, Bank, Custodian or Solicitor during the year.