Pension Cash Accumulation Scheme

On behalf of the Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund (the Board), set out below is a report on the performance and activities of your Scheme for the year ended 31 March 2021. Further information on the National Provident Fund's activities, and commentary on investment markets, is set out in the Review.

Your Scheme

CROWN GUARANTEE AND WIND UP OF SCHEME

The Pension Cash Accumulation Scheme is a cash accumulation scheme. The benefits payable by your Scheme are guaranteed by the Crown.

The Board resolved, with the approval of the Minister of Finance, to wind up the Pension Cash Accumulation Scheme (the Scheme) on 31 March 2021. For further information on the wind up please refer to the section headed Scheme Wind Up.

INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE

As part of the wind up of the Scheme, the investment assets were realised on 31 March 2021. At 31 March 2021, all the assets were held in cash pending distribution to members by way of transfer to the Pension National Scheme.

The asset class returns (before tax and expenses) up to 31 March 2021 and the comparative performance of the benchmark indices are shown in the table below.

Asset Class	Return	Index
Fixed interest	9.58%	1.39%
Cash	0.57%	0.31%
New Zealand shares	32.15%	28.93%
Overseas shares	49.79%	41.01%

The investment return (after tax and expenses) earned by the Scheme for the year ended 31 March 2021 was 17.78%.

See the comparison over the page for the key statistics of your Scheme over the last 10 years. For an overview of the financial performance of the Scheme, refer to the tables on the following pages.

Annual Report for the year ended 31 March 2021

SUMMARY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The summary financial statements included in this Annual Report have been extracted from the full financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021.

The summary financial statements cannot be expected to provide as complete an understanding as the full financial statements.

Members are welcome to contact the Scheme administrator, Datacom (see details on back page), for a free copy of the Scheme's full financial statements.



Pension Cash Accumulation Scheme

EARNINGS RATE

For the year ended 31 March 2021, the earnings rate declared by the Board for the Scheme was 4.0%. In addition, the Board approved a distribution to members from reserves of the Scheme for this same period of 4.61%.

In line with the Board's crediting and reserving policy, the difference between the investment return of 17.78% and the earnings rate plus the distribution of 8.61% has been taken from the reserves of the Scheme. At 31 March 2021 the reserves were 3.3% of contributors' total credits (2020: -3.2%).

WHO INVESTED YOUR MONEY

Fixed interest

Brandywine Global Investment Management, LLC Pacific Investment Management Company LLC

Alternatives

AQR Capital Management, LLC (Style Premia Fund)

New Zealand shares

Devon Funds Management Limited Harbour Asset Management Limited

Overseas shares

Arrowstreet Capital, Limited Partnership
Lazard Asset Management, LLC

Marathon Asset Management, LLP (contract ended 13 May 2020)

T. Rowe Price Australia Limited

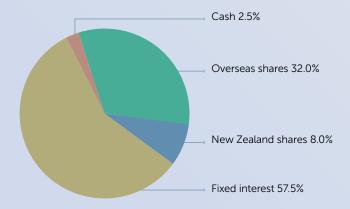
Foreign exchange hedging

ANZ Bank New Zealand Limited (contract ended 17 August 2020)
Bank of New Zealand Limited

HOW YOUR MONEY WAS INVESTED

The Scheme's asset allocation strategy is set by the Board. The Scheme's assets were invested in accordance with the Scheme's asset allocation strategy as set out below up until 31 March 2021.

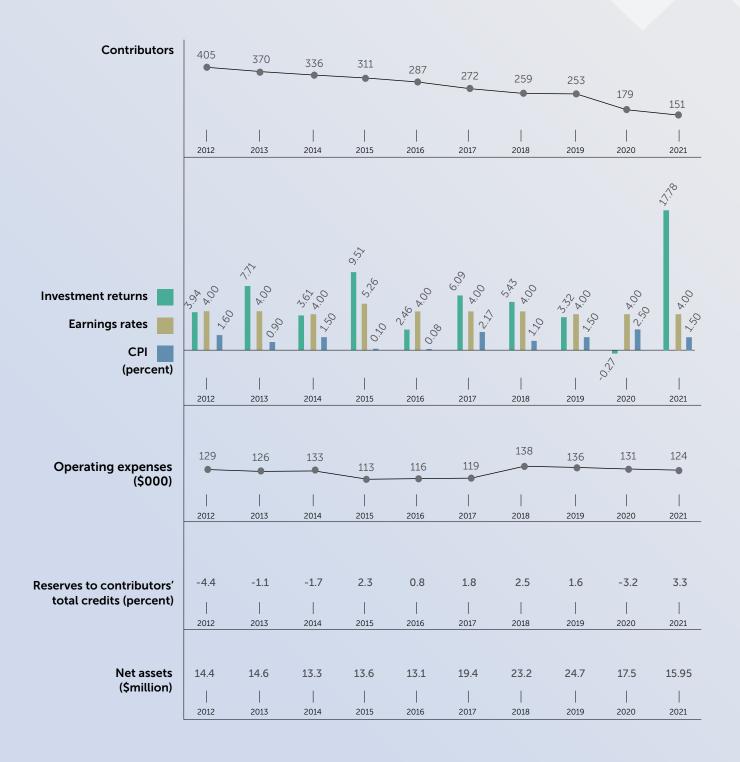
On 31 March 2021 the investment assets of the Scheme were realised and are being held in cash pending distribution to the members by way of transfer to the Pension National Scheme. The pie chart below shows the Scheme's asset allocation strategy effective from 1 May 2018 to 31 March 2021.



The Board's Statement of Investment Policies, Standards and Procedures (**SIPSP**) is reviewed regularly by the Board. There were no significant changes to the SIPSP during the year. See our website, www.npf.co.nz, for more information about your Scheme, including the Board's SIPSP and the Scheme trust deed.

Pension Cash Accumulation Scheme

10 YEAR COMPARISON



Pension Cash Accumulation Scheme (the Scheme) Statement of Changes in Net Assets for the year ended 31 March 2021

	Note	2021 (\$000)	2020 (\$000)
Investment income Income from unit funds Interest received Total investment income	4	2,814 3 2,817	29 12 41
rotal investment income		2,017	71
Operating expenses Actuarial fees Audit fees		6 16	6 16
Board member expenses	5	26	26
Legal fees Management expenses	5	2 74	- 83
		124	131
Net income/(loss) before tax and membership activities		2,693	(90)
Income tax credit	6	34	33
Net income/(loss) after tax and before membership activities		2,727	(57)
Scheme receipts	1		
Contributor contributions Transfers in		552 1,296	395 928
Total scheme receipts		1,848	1,323
Scheme payments			
Benefits paid Transfers to National Provident Pension Scheme Transfers paid to other schemes Total scheme payments		189 5,567 326 6,082	761 1,158 6,618 8,537
Net membership activities		(4,234)	(7,214)
(Decrease) in liability for accrued benefits	9	(1,507)	(7,271)

The notes to the financial statements on pages 4 to 11 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Pension Cash Accumulation Scheme (the Scheme) Statement of Net Assets for the year ended 31 March 2021

	Note	2021 (\$000)	2020 (\$000)
Investment assets at fair value through profit or loss	3		
Units held in: Cash unit fund		-	465
Fixed Interest unit fund		-	10,264
New Zealand Equity unit fund		-	1,228
Overseas Equity unit fund			4,700 16,657
		_	10,037
Financial assets at amortised cost			
Cash		15,912	774
Other receivables	8	3	22
Receivable from the Global Asset Trust	7	67	
		15,982	796
Other assets			
Deferred tax asset	6	-	33
		-	33
Total assets		15,982	17,486
Current liabilities at amortised cost			
Accounts payable		28	25
Total liabilities		28	25
Net assets available to pay benefits		15,954	17,461
Represented by: Liability for accrued benefits			
Allocated to contributors' total credits		15,442	18,030
Unallocated reserves	11	512	(569)
		15,954	17,461
			

Authorised for issue on 24 June 2021

On behalf of the Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund.

Edward Schuck Board Chair

Edward Stelvel

Stephen Ward

Chair

Audit and Risk Review Committee

The notes to the financial statements on pages 4 to 11 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Pension Cash Accumulation Scheme (the Scheme) Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2021

Cash flows from operating activities ¹ Cash was provided from: Interest received			
•			
Interest received			
		3	12
Scheme receipts		1,848	1,323
		1,851	1,335
Cash was applied to:			
Benefits paid		189	761
Operating expenses		101	89
Transfers to the National Provident Pension Scheme		5,568	6,618
Transfers paid to other schemes		326	1,157
		6,184	8,625
Net cash flows from operating activities	9	(4,333)	(7,290)
Cash flows from investing activities ² Cash was provided from sale of units in: Cash unit fund Fixed Interest unit fund New Zealand Equity unit fund Overseas Equity unit fund		524 11,884 1,701 7,411 21,520	548 4,032 932 2,796 8,308
Cash was applied to purchase units in:			
Cash unit fund		58	160
Fixed Interest unit fund		965	675
New Zealand Equity unit fund		137	75
Overseas Equity unit fund		889	232
		2,049	1,142
Net cash flows from investing activities		19,471	7,166
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held		15,138	(124)
Add opening cash brought forward		774	898
Closing cash carried forward ³		15,912	774

Operating Activities: includes any activities that are the result of normal business activities not classified as

investing activities.

2 Investing Activities: comprises acquisition and disposal of units in the GAT

3 Cash: comprises cash balances held with banks in New Zealand.

The notes to the financial statements on pages 4 to 11 form an integral part of these financial statements.

1 DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHEME AND FUNDING ARRANGEMENTS

The Scheme is a personal contribution scheme, governed by a Trust Deed. The Scheme is deemed to be registered on the register of managed investment schemes under the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 (FMCA).

Under the terms of the Scheme Trust Deed, contributors make contributions to the Scheme at any rate and at any time as determined by the contributors, with no minimum amount required in respect of any contribution.

Each year contributors are credited with an earnings rate, which is not less than 4%.

2 RELATED PARTIES

Under the terms of the National Provident Fund Restructuring Act 1990 (the Act), the Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund (the Board) is Trustee of the Scheme. Members of the Board are appointed by the Minister of Finance.

The Board and the Government Superannuation Fund Authority (the Authority) have formed a joint venture company, Annuitas Management Limited (Annuitas). Each organisation has entered into a management services agreement with Annuitas. The main function of Annuitas is to provide staff who act in management and secretarial roles on behalf of the Board and the Authority. The costs of running Annuitas are shared between the Board and the Authority on an equitable basis, as agreed between the organisations.

Edward Schuck and Stephen Ward are the two Board appointed directors of Annuitas.

The Board is also the Trustee of the Global Asset Trust (the GAT) which holds the assets of all the National Provident Schemes. The GAT is divided into separate unit funds, representing various asset classes, which have issued units to the Board, as Trustee of the Scheme, according to the prescribed Strategic Asset Allocation (SAA) (refer note 3).

There were no transactions between the members of the Board or management, as individuals, and the Scheme.

If a contributor elects to receive a pension, his or her membership, the liability to pay his or her pension (including any pension or other benefit contingently payable and any minimum payment) and assets to meet that liability are transferred to the National Provident Pension Scheme.

3 ASSET ALLOCATION

The investment assets have now been liquidated. As at 31 March 2021 these assets of the Scheme were held in cash in the bank account.

4 INCOME FROM UNIT FUNDS

Income from unit funds is derived from the changes in fair value of units held by the GAT and reflects both realised and unrealised gains and losses. The income stated is net of expenses (including investment management and custodial fees) directly related to investment activities. The income per unit fund is as follows:

	2021 (\$000)	2020 (\$000)
Cash unit fund	1	10
Fixed Interest unit fund	657	192
New Zealand Equity unit fund	337	59
Overseas Equity unit fund	1,819	(232)
Income from unit funds*	2,814	29

^{*} The income from unit funds is received tax paid.

5 MANAGEMENT AND BOARD MEMBER EXPENSES

Management expenses comprise administration fees charged by Datacom Connect Limited, and a share of the expenses of the Board. The Board member expenses are split evenly between the schemes.

6 INCOME TAX

Income specific to the Scheme is subject to tax at 28%, after allowing for deductible expenses.

The income tax reconciliation is as follows:

	2021 (\$000)	2020 (\$000)
Scheme specific income Deductible expenses Expense election to the GAT Taxable income	3 (124) 121	12 (131) 119
Net Income/(loss) before tax and membership activities Tax at 28% Non-assessable income Income tax credit	2,693 754 (788) (34)	(90) (25) (8) (33)
Represented by: Income tax credit on current year income Prior year adjustment Income tax credit	(34)	(33)
Movement in deferred taxation Opening balance	33	-
Prior period adjustment Current year movement Deferred tax asset	(33)	33 33

6 INCOME TAX (CONTINUED)

The current year tax credit results from the benefit of the Scheme electing to transfer surplus deductible expenses to the GAT under section DV 2 of the Income Tax Act 2007 (the Tax Act). The GAT is subject to tax at the rate of 28%. The opening deferred tax asset is a result of 2020 tax losses available to carry forward. The tax losses consisted of surplus deductible expenses which the Scheme has now transferred to the GAT under the Tax Act in the current income year.

7 RECEIVABLE FROM THE GAT

This receivable represents the 2020 and 2021 outstanding tax credits, (refer note 6), utilised by the GAT, resulting from the transfer of the Scheme's surplus deductible expenses to the GAT under the Tax Act. The Scheme will realise the receivable by investing in unit funds of the GAT, with the remainder being settled by cash (if applicable).

8 OTHER RECEIVABLES

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Other	i eceivables	COHSISC OI.

	2021 (\$000)	2020 (\$000)
Management fee refund Total other receivables	3 3	22 22

9 RECONCILIATION OF DECREASE IN LIABILITY FOR ACCRUED BENEFITS TO NET CASH FLOWS USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2021 (\$000)	2020 (\$000)
(Decrease) in liability for accrued benefits	(1,507)	(7,271)
Movement in working capital		
Change in accounts payable Change in other receivables Change in contributions receivable	3 19 - 22	9 - 9
Add non-cash items Change in receivable from the GAT Change in deferred tax	(67) 33 (34)	34 (33) 1
Items classified as investing activities (Income) from unit funds	(2,814) (2,814)	(29) (29)
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(4,333)	(7,290)

10 GUARANTEED BENEFITS

Under section 60 of the Act, the benefits payable by the Scheme are guaranteed by the Crown. The earnings rate each year is determined with reference to the investment return but is not less than 4.0% per annum as per the Scheme Trust Deed.

11 UNALLOCATED RESERVES

The unallocated reserves are derived from the net income/(loss) after tax and before membership activities, earnings not allocated to contributors' total credits, and balances of any total credits not transferred, or otherwise disbursed, in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme Trust Deed.

Movements in reserves during the year were as follows:

	2021 (\$000)	2020 (\$000)
Reserves at beginning of year	(568)	398
Applied to transfers	(170)	(99)
Extinguished liabilities	(158)	1
Net income/(loss) before membership activities	2,727	(57)
Applied to exits	(144)	(142)
Applied to contributors' total credits	(1,175)	(670)
Reserves at end of year	512	(569)

Positive reserves, which have not been allocated to contributors' total credits, may be distributed at the discretion of the Board, in accordance with the Scheme Trust Deed, principally for:

- a. increasing all contributors' total credits on an equitable basis; and
- b. paying Scheme expenses.

12 VESTED BENEFITS

The value of the vested benefits is the value of the benefits contributors would have been entitled to if they left the Scheme.

As at 31 March 2021, the members entitlement, under the wind up provisions of the Scheme, was on a pro rata share of the net assets. A pro rata share of the assets would be greater than the amount that would have been payable if all the contributors retired on that date.

13 ACTUARIAL VALUATION - 31 MARCH 2018

The Scheme is a defined contribution scheme. As the Scheme has no pensioners, an actuarial valuation is not required under the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013.

The National Provident Fund Restructuring Act 1990 does however require an actuarial examination to be undertaken every three years. The last examination was undertaken, as at 31 March 2018, and covered the three years 31 March 2015 to 31 March 2018.

The report of the examination, as at 31 March 2018, showed the funding level of the Scheme increased from 102.3% to 102.5% over the three years to 31 March 2018. The valuation results were

Valuation date	2018	2015
	(\$000)	(\$000)
Present value of -		
Total credits	22,612	13,334
Reserves	574	308
Net assets	23,186	13,642
Funding level	102.5%	102.3%

This table should be read in conjunction with note 10.

14 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Scheme invested in units of the GAT depending upon the asset allocation determined for the Scheme (see note 3). The unit funds held quoted equity, fixed interest and debt instruments. These instruments have all now been realised.

Under NZ IFRS 13: Fair Value Measurement, (NZ IFRS 13), disclosures for fair value instruments are required using a three-level fair value hierarchy. These tiers reflect the availability of observable market inputs. The scheme's investment in units of the GAT is classified as a level 2 investment as the unit prices are based on a net asset valuation derived from either quoted prices for similar assets or unquoted but observable inputs.

The Scheme's major risk in relation to its investment in the GAT is the price risk that the value of its units may fluctuate. Other risks, such as market risk (currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk, are managed in the GAT.

For more information on the disclosures under NZ IFRS 13 and the risks mentioned above reference should be made to the financial statements of the GAT. A copy of the financial statements of the GAT can be viewed on the National Provident Fund's website (www.npf.co.nz).

The Board manages the other risks by determining a diversified Strategic Asset Allocation appropriate for the Scheme's liabilities. In addition, the Board selects the investment managers, sets their mandates and monitors performance against those mandates.

The earnings rate each year is determined with reference to the investment return, but is not less than 4.0% per annum as per the Scheme Trust Deed.

15 COVID-19 IMPACT

Around the world the Covid-19 outbreak has led to significant economic slowdown and volatility. Due to the liquidation of the investment assets and winding up of the scheme the disruptions are unlikely to affect the 31 March 2021 values in these financial statements.

For the year ended 31 March 2021 the Scheme has recorded a gain from unit funds of \$2.814 million. This compares to a gain of \$0.029 million in the previous year.

16 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There were no material events subsequent to balance date requiring amendments to these financial statements.

17 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

17.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements have been prepared under the requirements of clause 38 of the Scheme Trust Deed and in accordance with the FMCA. For a description of the Scheme and funding arrangements see note 1.

These financial statements have been prepared on an other than going concern basis as the Board has resolved to wind up the Scheme subsequent to balance date. In previous years the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis using the measurement base (see reference below).

Under the other than going concern basis of accounting, the net assets are valued at the realisable value and liabilities are stated at their estimated settlement amounts. Considering the nature of the Scheme's assets and liabilities, the change in the basis of preparation has not significantly impacted the values of the assets and liabilities at 31 March 2021. The Scheme's assets will be distributed to members, or transferred to the Pension National Scheme, following the completion of these financial statements.

17.2 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements comply with the New Zealand Equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (NZ IFRS), the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, and other applicable financial reporting standards as appropriate for profit-oriented entities.

17.3 MEASUREMENT BASE

For the 31 March 2020 year end, the measurement base adopted is that of historical cost, except for investment assets which are stated at their fair value as set out below.

17.4 PRESENTATION AND FUNCIONAL CURRENCY

The financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, the Scheme's functional currency, rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$000).

17 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

17.5 STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT EFFECTIVE

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been issued that are not mandatory for 31 March 2021 reporting periods and have not been adopted early by the Board.

17.6 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

In compliance with NZ IFRS, preparation of the financial statements requires judgements, estimates and assumptions to be made that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

Judgement has been applied in the classification and measurement of financial assets. This policy has a significant impact on the amounts disclosed in the financial statements.

There are no material assumptions or major sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of causing material adjustments to the carrying amounts of scheme assets at year end. Investment asset values are subject to variation due to market fluctuations. Receivables have been valued in accordance with NZ IFRS 9. Under this standard the scheme has adopted the simplified expected credit loss model.

17.7 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments include both financial assets and financial liabilities.

Financial assets include receivables from related parties and other receivables (if applicable).

Financial liabilities, measured at amortised cost, include accounts payable and bank overdrafts (if applicable).

17.8 RECOGNITION

The Scheme recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date the Scheme becomes a contractual party to the financial instruments.

17.9 MEASUREMENT

Financial assets that are classified at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value where all resulting gains or losses are recorded in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recorded at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment losses. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash flows through the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or liability.

17.10 IMPAIRMENT

Financial assets that are recorded at amortised cost are reviewed at each financial statement date to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment.

17 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

17.11 DERECOGNITION

The Scheme derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or the Scheme transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition. A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

17.12 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash comprises current deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, where there is an insignificant risk of change in value. Cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

17.13 CONTRIBUTIONS

Contributions are recognised in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets when they become receivable.

17.14 BENEFITS

Benefits are recognised in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets when a request for payment is made and all relevant criteria for payment has been met.

17.15 INVESTMENT INCOME RECOGNITION

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest rate of the instrument. Changes in the fair value of GAT unit funds are recognised in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets. Interest income on financial assets classified at fair value through profit or loss, is accrued at balance date. Dividend income is recognised in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets on the ex-dividend date.

17.16 EXPENSES

All expenses are recognised in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets on an accrual basis.

17.17 TAXATION

Any income or loss arising from the movement in the fair value of the unit funds of the GAT is received by the Scheme tax paid. The Scheme's deductible operating expenses are offset against the Scheme's interest received to result in nil assessable income.

Any surplus deductible operating expenses are transferred to the GAT under the Tax Act (refer notes 6 and 7).

17.18 ACCRUED BENEFITS

The liability for accrued benefits is the Scheme's present obligation to pay benefits to contributors and beneficiaries and has been calculated as the difference between the carrying amounts of the Scheme's assets and the carrying amounts of the Scheme's liabilities, as at balance date.

18 Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

There have been no material changes to accounting policies during the year.

Pension Cash Accumulation Scheme (the Scheme) Trustee's Report for the year ended 31 March 2021

19 OTHER INFORMATION

The Board, as Trustee of the Scheme, provides members with the following information:

19.1 SCHEME MEMBERSHIP

Changes in the Scheme membership numbers during the year were as follows:

	Contributors
Opening membership 1 April 2020	179
Deaths and disablements	(3)
Extinguished liabilities*	(2)
Joins/rejoins	8
Retirements	(7)
Transfers	(24)
Withdrawals Closing membership as at 31 March 2021	151

^{*}Following a trust deed amendment on 5 April 2001, once reasonable efforts have been made to locate a member, who has been missing for at least five years, the Board may extinguish the liabilities to that member.

Where a person re-establishes contact with the Board within 15 years of the liabilities to that person being extinguished, the person is reinstated as a member of the Scheme.

19.2 CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVED AND BENEFITS PAID

The terms of the Scheme Trust Deed do not specify contribution levels.

19.3 VESTED BENEFITS

The Scheme was wound up on 31 March 2021 and so each member was entitled to a pro rata share of the assets of the Scheme on that date. A pro rata share of the assets would be greater than the amount that would have been payable if all the contributors retired on that date.

19.4 EARNINGS RATE

The Scheme's earnings rate (crediting rate) declared by the Board for the year ended 31 March 2021 was 4.00%. The Board also declared a distribution from reserves of 4.61%

19.5 INVESTMENT WITH PARTIES TO THE SCHEME

The Board certifies that, to the best of its knowledge, all benefits required to be paid from the Scheme were paid in accordance with the terms of the Scheme Trust Deed.

19.6 TRUST DEED

The Scheme Trust Deed was last amended on 6 May 2021 (being after year end). The amendments are effective from 30 January 2021 and were made following the repeal of the Trustee Act 1956 to address changes brought about under the Trusts Act 2019. A copy of the trust deed is available on request.

Pension Cash Accumulation Scheme (the Scheme) Trustee's Report for the year ended 31 March 2021

19 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

19.7 DIRECTORY

Trustee Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund

Members of the Board are: Edward Schuck (Board Chair)

Louise Edwards Daniel Mussett Sarah Park Wayne Stechman

Stephen Ward (Deputy Chair)

Administration manager Datacom Connect Limited

Investment managers Cash Managers

AMP Capital Investors (NZ) Limited

ANZ Bank NZ Limited (terminated 21 April 2020)

Fixed Interest Managers

Brandywine Global Investment Management, LLC Pacific Investment Management Company, LLC

New Zealand Equity Managers Devon Funds Management Limited

Harbour Asset Management Limited

Overseas Equity Managers

Arrowstreet Capital, Limited Partnership

Lazard Asset Management, LLC

Marathon Asset Management, LP (terminated 13 May 2020)

T Rowe Price Australia Limited

Foreign Exchange Hedging Managers

ANZ Bank New Zealand Limited (terminated 17 August 2020)

Bank of New Zealand Limited

Actuary Christine Ormrod, PricewaterhouseCoopers Consulting

(New Zealand) LP

Auditor Silvio Bruinsma, Deloitte Limited (on behalf of the Auditor-General)

Solicitor DLA Piper New Zealand

Bank of New Zealand

Custodian JP Morgan Chase Bank

Pension Cash Accumulation Scheme (the Scheme) Trustee's Report for the year ended 31 March 2021

19 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

19.8 CORRESPONDENCE

All correspondence relating to the Scheme should be addressed to: The

Manager National Provident Fund Administration Datacom Connect Limited PO Box 1036 WELLINGTON 6140 OR

The Secretary
Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund
PO Box 3390
WELLINGTON 6140

For and on behalf of the Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund.

Edward Schuck Board Chair

Edward Schull

24 June 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF PENSION CASH ACCUMULATION SCHEME

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Pension Cash Accumulation Scheme (the Scheme). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Silvio Bruinsma, using the staff and resources of Deloitte Limited, to carry out the audit of the financial statements of the Scheme on his behalf.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Scheme on pages 1 to 11, that comprise the Statement of Net Assets as at 31 March 2021, the Statement of Changes in Net Assets and Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date and the notes to the financial statements that include accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion the financial statements of the Scheme on pages 1 to 11:

- present fairly, in all material respects:
 - o its net assets as at 31 March 2021 and
 - o its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with New Zealand Equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (NZ IFRS) and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

Our audit was completed on 24 June 2021. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Board of Trustees and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

Basis for our opinion

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter - Basis other than going concern

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw your attention to note 17.1 which confirms the Scheme will be wound up subsequent to balance date and all Scheme assets will be either distributed to members or transferred to the Pension National Scheme. Accordingly as disclosed in note 17.1, the financial statements have been prepared on an other than a going concern basis and in accordance with the accounting policies outlined in note 17.



Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. Other than the matter described in the Emphasis of matter — Basis other than going concern section, we have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Responsibilities of the Board of Trustees for the financial statements

The Board of Trustees are responsible on behalf of the Scheme for preparing financial statements that are fairly presented and that comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand.

The Board of Trustees are responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Trustees are responsible on behalf of the Scheme for assessing the Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board of Trustees are also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless the Board of Trustees intend to wind-up the Scheme or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Trustees' responsibilities arise from the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 and clause 38 of the Scheme's Trust Deed.

Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of members taken on the basis of these financial statements.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
 obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The
 risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one
 resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
 misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Scheme's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Trustees.

Deloitte.

- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board of Trustees and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Scheme to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Where the financial statements have been prepared on a basis other than going concern, consider if the other basis of accounting used by the Board of Trustees is appropriate in the specific circumstances and if the financial statements contain the necessary disclosures. If we conclude that the preparation of the financial statements on a basis other than going concern is appropriate, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report.
- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of Trustees regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Our responsibilities arise from the Public Audit Act 2001.

Other information

The Board of Trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included on pages 12 to 14, but does not include the financial statements, and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independence

We are independent of the Scheme in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1: *Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners* issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Other than the audit, we have no relationship with, or interests in, the Scheme.

Silvio Bruinsma, Partner for Deloitte Limited

Silvio Brungus

On behalf of the Auditor-General

Wellington, New Zealand

Pension Cash Accumulation Scheme

Directory as at 24 June 2021

TRUSTEE

Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund

BOARD MEMBERS

Edward Schuck PhD, MBA – Board Chair (appointed 2015 and Chair from 1 September 2017)

Louise Edwards (appointed 1 July 2019)

Daniel Mussett (appointed 2016)

Sarah Park (appointed 1 February 2020)

Wayne Stechman (appointed 2012)

Stephen Ward – Deputy Chair (appointed 2016 and Deputy Chair from 1 February 2020)

Further information on the Board members is provided on our website – www.npf.co.nz.

MANAGEMENT

Simon Tyler

Chief Executive

Fiona Morgan

Chief Financial Officer

Philippa Drury

General Manager – Schemes

Janet Shirley

Manager - Schemes (retired March 2021)

Paul Bevin

General Manager – Investments

Nicky Rumsey

Manager – Investments

Peter McCaffrey

Manager - Equities and Alternatives

Keith Poore

Manager - Asset Allocation

There was one change to Management during the year as noted above.

DATACOM

ADMINISTRATION

Datacom Connect Limited is the administrator of the NPF Schemes.

CONTACT DETAILS

You are welcome to contact Datacom if you have any specific questions about the information in this package, if you would like to receive a free copy of the full financial statements in the mail, to purchase a copy of the trust deed (\$10) or the actuarial valuation (\$10), or to enquire about your Scheme membership in general.

Please quote your identity number when contacting Datacom.

Free phone: 0800 628 776 between 8.30 am and 5.00 pm,

Monday to Friday.

Phone: (04) 381 0600

Post to:

The Manager

National Provident Fund Administration

Datacom Connect Limited

P O Box 1036

WELLINGTON 6140

Email: npfenquiries@datacom.co.nz

If you would like to know more about NPF in general, or if you would like to view or download a copy of the Scheme's full financial statements rather than receive a copy in the mail, please visit our website – www.npf.co.nz.

You may contact the Board by writing to:

The Chief Executive

Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund

Level 12, The Todd Building 95 Customhouse Quay

WELLINGTON 6011

Auditor: Silvio Bruinsma, Deloitte Limited, on behalf of

the Auditor-General

Actuary: Christine D Ormrod, PricewaterhouseCoopers

Consulting (New Zealand) LP

Bank: Bank of New Zealand Limited

Custodian: JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.

Solicitor: DLA Piper New Zealand

There were no changes to the Actuary, Bank, Custodian or Solicitor during the year.